

# LESSON PRACTICE



Find the conjugate.

1.  $A + B$

2.  $3X - 8$

3.  $6 + \sqrt{2}$

4.  $1 - 5i$

Multiply.

5.  $(2B + 4)(2B - 4)$

6.  $(3 + 2i)(3 - 2i)$

7.  $(2 + 7i)(2 - 7i)$

8.  $(4 + \sqrt{7})(4 - \sqrt{7})$

Use the conjugate to simplify the rational expression (put it in standard form).

9.  $\frac{X}{3+4i}$

10.  $\frac{11}{2+i}$

11.  $\frac{4i}{6-3i}$

12.  $\frac{i^2}{4+5i}$

13.  $\frac{Z}{Z+\sqrt{5}}$

14.  $\frac{8}{8-\sqrt{8}}$

15.  $\frac{7X}{2-2\sqrt{X}}$

16.  $\frac{3}{8i+i\sqrt{2}}$

SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

Find the conjugate.

1.  $3 - 2i$

2.  $4 - 5\sqrt{8}$

Multiply.

3.  $(A + 14i)(A - 14i)$

4.  $(2X + \sqrt{3})(2X - \sqrt{3})$

Find the factors.

5.  $16X^2 - 15 = 0$

6. Solve for X in #5.

7.  $5X^2 - 10 = 0$

8. Solve for X in #7.

Simplify, and combine like terms when possible.

9.  $11\sqrt{-12} + 6\sqrt{-3}$

10.  $(-3i)(5\sqrt{-81})$

11.  $\sqrt{-196} \div 2i$

12.  $i^4 \cdot i^4$

Simplify.

13.  $(8^2 + 15^2)^{3/2}$

14.  $(\sqrt[3]{64})^{3/2}$

Solve by factoring to find the roots, and then check your answers in the original equation.

15.  $\frac{4}{3}x^2 = \frac{4}{3}x + 5$

16.  $8 - 6x = 3x^2 + x + 10$

Simplify.

17.  $\frac{x^2 + 2x - 24}{x^2 + 8x + 12} \div \frac{x^2 - 8x + 16}{x^2 + 4x + 4} =$

18.  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2A}} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} =$

19.  $\frac{3^{-1}x^{-4}y^3x^2}{3^0y^{-1}y^2} =$

20.  $\frac{3x + \frac{5x+8}{3x}}{2 - \frac{4}{x^2}} =$