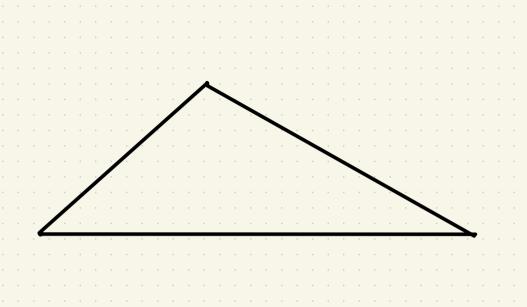
# BOARD PROBLEMS CH. 8/9

- 1) DEFINE A POSTULATE.
- @ GIVE AN EXAMPLE OF A POSTULATE,
- 3) DRAW A TRIANGLE W/SIDES 4",5" 3 6".

  a) BISECT ALL THE ANGLES
  - b) USE A COMPASS TO DAAW A CIRCLE
    INSIDE THE TRIANGLE, CENTERED AT
    THE INTERSECTION OF THE 3 bisectors
    THAT TOUCHES IN EXACTLY ONE POINT
    ON EACH SIDE (a CENTROID).



## Ch. 8/9 - PERIMETER \$ Area

Definition of PeRIMeter: Distance around the sides of a figure. Units are expressed in one-dimension, length.

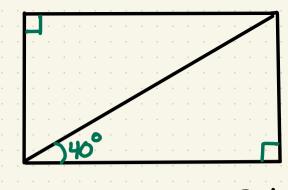
Quadrilaterals: a shape with 4-sides

A) Rectangle: A quadrilateral with 4 right angles

B) Parallelogram: A quad. With two pairs of parallel sides.

C) Rhombus - a quad. With four congruent sides

D)Trapezoid - a quad. With only one pair of parallel sides.

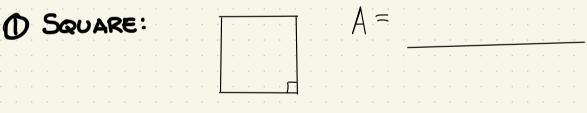


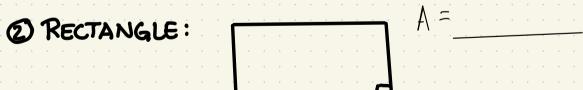
THE SUM OF ALL INTERIOR ANGLES IN A TRIANGLE

THE SUM OF ALL INTERIOR ANGLES IN A

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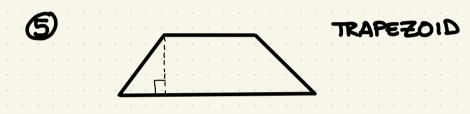
Ch.9 - AREA







$$\bigwedge^{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} \right)^{n} = \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} \right)^{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} \right$$



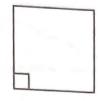
$$a^{2} \underset{i}{\wedge} a^{2} \stackrel{i}{=} a^{2} \underset{i}{\wedge} a^{2} \underbrace{a^{2}}_{i} a^{2} \underbrace$$

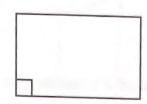
### LESSON PRACTICE

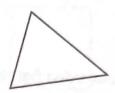


Identify the shapes, using the names studied in this lesson.

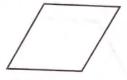
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_

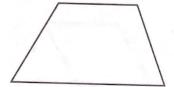


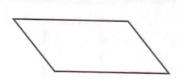




- 4.







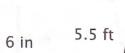
Find the perimeter.

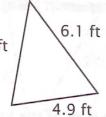
4 m



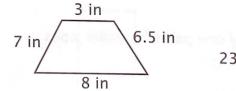


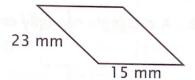






10 cm 10 cm





13. Perimeter is the distance around a shape or figure.

14. Any four-sided figure can be called a quadrilateral.

15. The sum of the interior angles of a quadrilateral add up to 180°.

16. A square is a rhombus with four right angles.

17. A trapezoid always has at least one right angle.

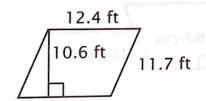
18. The sum of the interior angles of a triangle add up to 180°.

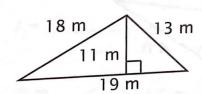
19. A rectangle has only one pair of parallel sides.

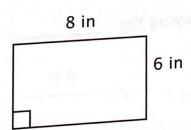
20. A square is a rectangle with all four sides equal.

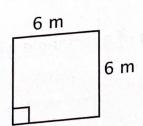
### SSON PRACTICE

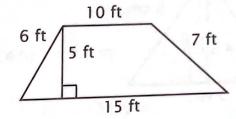
Find the area of each figure.

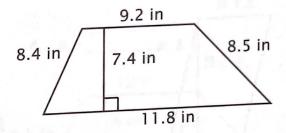


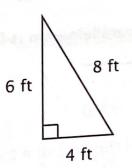


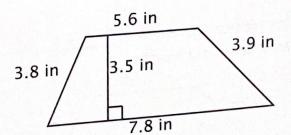




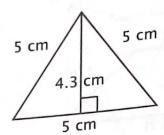


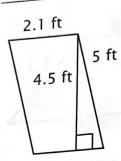


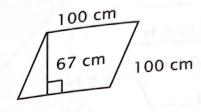


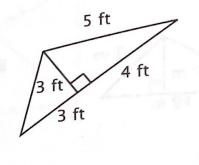












13. The area of a parallelogram is found by multiplying the \_\_\_\_\_\_by the

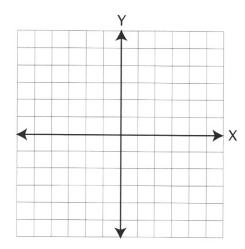
14. In order to find the area of a trapezoid, it is first necessary to find the \_\_\_\_\_ base.

15. The area of a triangle is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the area of a rectangle with the same base and height.

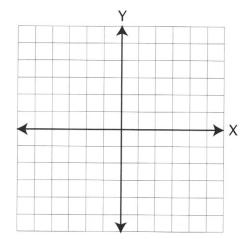
#### LESSON PRACTICE

8B

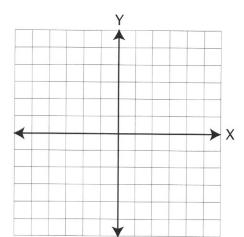
Identify the slope and intercept of each equation. Then draw the line corresponding to the equation.



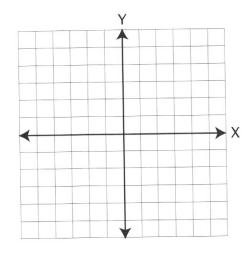
1. 
$$Y = -2X - 5$$



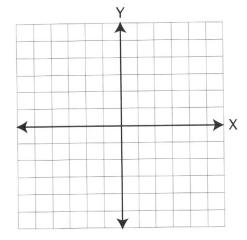
2. 
$$Y = -3/2 X$$



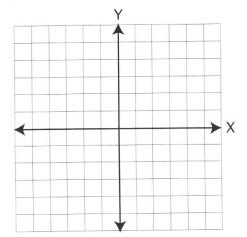
3. 
$$X = 0$$



4. 
$$Y = -3X + 2$$



5. 
$$Y = 2X - 1$$



6. 
$$Y = 4$$

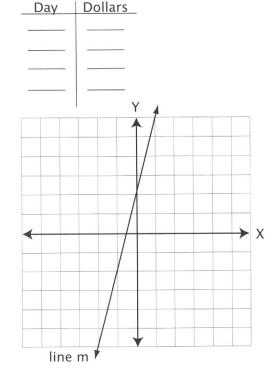
#### SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

8C

- 1. Joey borrowed four dollars to open a video store. He lost one dollar each day. Fill in the table on the right.
- 2. Plot these points and connect them.
- 3. Write an equation for the line.

(Dollars = \_\_\_\_ per Day - \_\_\_\_ borrowed)

- 4. Given: Y = -2X.
  This time Joey started with
  \_\_\_\_\_ dollar(s) and lost
  \_\_\_\_\_ dollars each day.
  Use the table under the graph.
- 5. Graph the points and the line.
- 6. The slope is \_\_\_\_ and the intercept is \_\_\_\_ .



Day	Dollars
-	
·	

- 7. Estimate the slope and intercept of line m on the graph.
- 8. What would the equation of the line be using the slope-intercept formula?
- 9. This line is graphed within which quadrants?
- 10. Graph Y = -2 and label it line g.

#### SYSTEMATIC REVIEW 8C

Simplify and solve for the unknown.

11. 
$$60R - 90R = 70$$

$$12. -18 + 54X = 27$$

13. 
$$[(6 + 5)^2 - 1] \div 12 = 3X + |-2X|$$
 14.  $4B - 32B = 36B - 8BY (4B \neq 0)$  X is positive

14. 
$$4B - 32B = 36B - 8BY (4B \neq 0)$$

15. 
$$1.03 - .8Y = 5$$

16. 
$$3\frac{3}{4}Y = 2\frac{1}{5} + 3\frac{5}{6}$$

17. 
$$5X - 20 = 50X + 35$$

18. 
$$\frac{3}{10}X - 3\frac{1}{6}X = 4\frac{1}{4}$$

#### **QUICK REVIEW**

"What fraction of 6 is 3?" is written as WF  $\times$  6 = 3.

**EXAMPLE** 

Write an equation and solve: What fraction of 10 is 5? WF x 10 = 5 Solving for the unknown:

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
(WF x 10) =  $\frac{1}{10}$ (5)  $\rightarrow$  WF =  $\frac{5}{10}$  =  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- 19. Write an equation and solve: What fraction of 7 is 5?
- 20. Write an equation and solve: What fraction of 5 is 2?