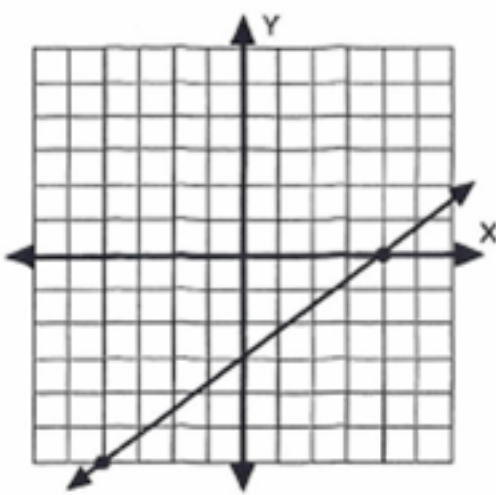
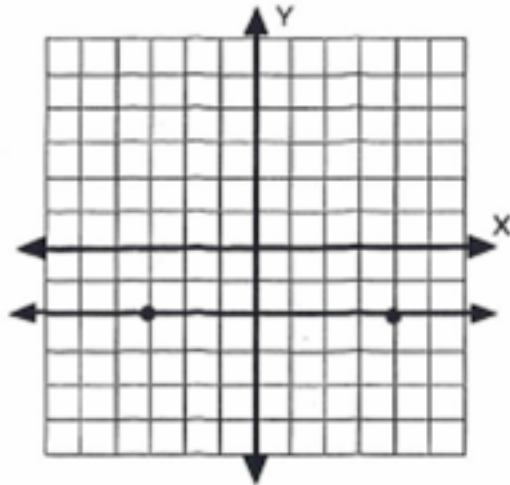


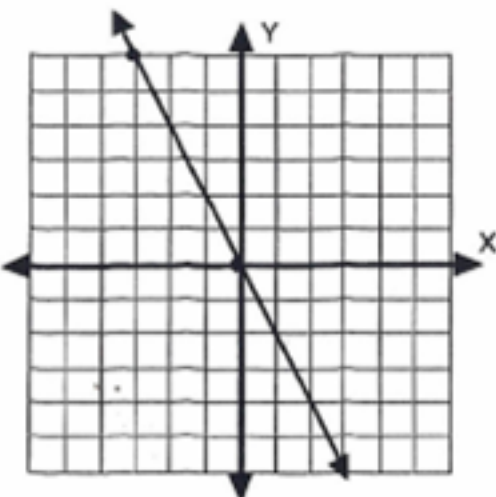
1) $Y = 6/8 X - 3$; $Y = 3/4 X - 3$



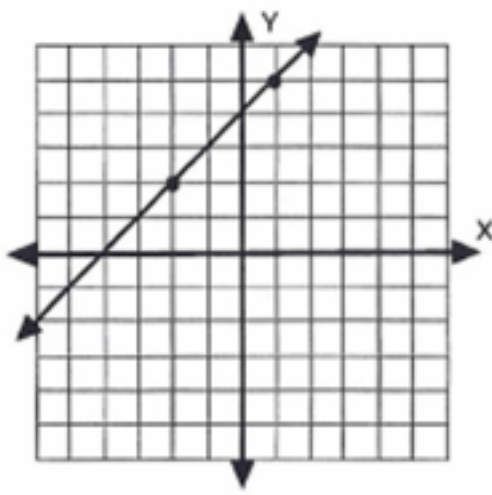
3) slope-intercept: $Y = 0X - 2$; $Y = -2$
standard form: $Y = -2$



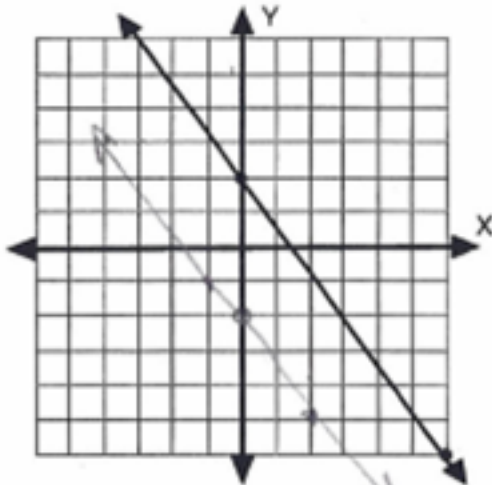
5) slope-intercept: $Y = -6/3 X + 0$; $Y = -2X$
standard form: $2X + Y = 0$



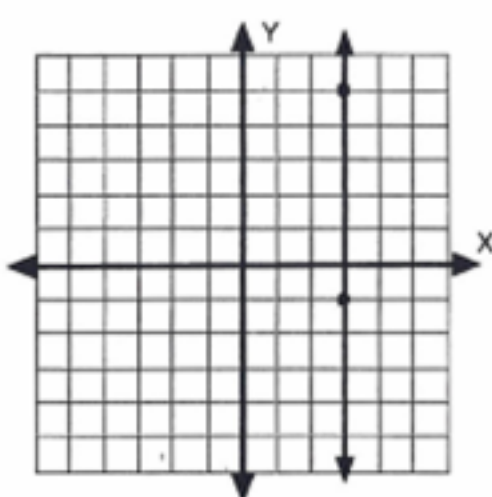
2) $Y = 3/3 X + 4$; $Y = X + 4$



4) slope-intercept: $Y = -8/6 X + 2$; $Y = -4/3 X + 2$
standard form: $4/3 X + Y = 2$; $4X + 3Y = 6$



6) slope-intercept: none because slope is undefined and there is no Y-intercept.
standard form: $X = 0$



If your student text has Lesson Practice 8A.1 - 8A.3, look in Appendix A at the back of your student book for the solutions. If your student text has only 34 lessons, your lesson practice 8B is the same as 9B-2 in these solutions. Add one to each lesson number from here on to find the correct solutions.

7) on the graph

8) slope = $-\frac{3}{2}$

9) y-intercept = 3

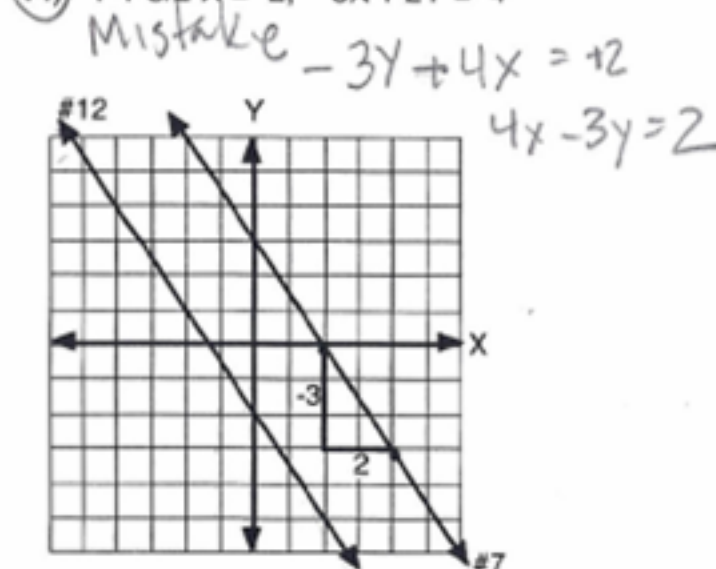
10) $Y = -3/2 X + 3$

11) C ($Y = -3/2 X$)

12) on the graph

13) $Y = -3/2 X - 2$
Wrong! 11 means same slope
 $Y = \frac{3}{2} X - 2$

14) $Y + 3/2 X = -2$, $3X + 2Y = -4$



15) on the graph

16) slope = $\frac{8}{2} = 4$

17) y-intercept = -1

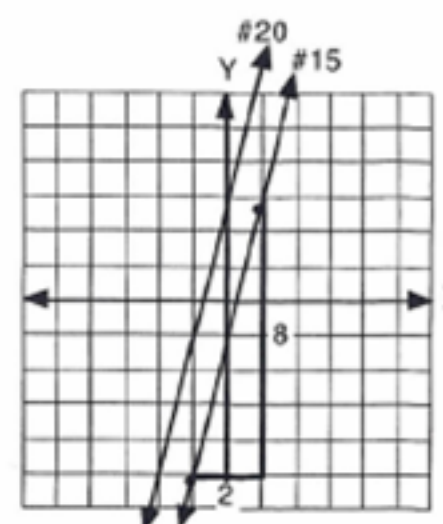
18) $Y = 4X - 1$

19) C ($Y = 3/2 X + 1$)

20) on the graph

21) $Y = 4X + 3$

22) $4X - Y = -3$



9C

1) on the graph

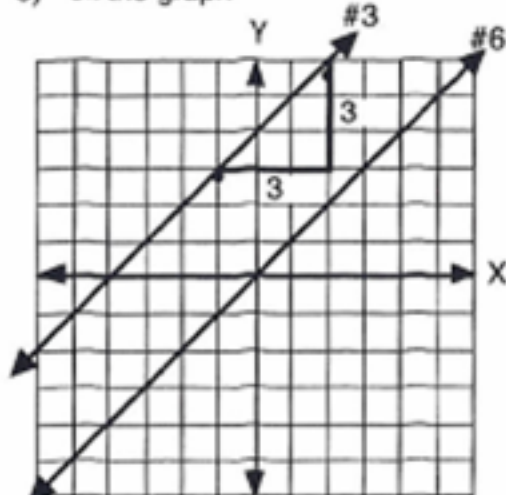
2) slope = $\frac{3}{3} = 1$

3) y-intercept = 4

4) $Y = X + 4$, $X - Y = -4$

5) A ($Y = -X - 1$), C ($Y = -X$)

6) on the graph



7) 2

8) $Y = -3X - 1$, so slope is -3

9) $Y - 1/3 X = 2$, $X - 3Y = -6$

10) $2Y = -3X + 1$, $Y = -3/2 X + 1/2$

$$(3 - 11)^2 \times 2 \div 16 - 7 = 3Y - 4Y + 9$$

$$(-8)^2 \times 2 \div 16 - 7 = -Y + 9$$

$$64 \times 2 \div 16 - 7 - 9 = -Y$$

$$128 \div 16 - 16 = -Y, \quad 8 - 16 = -Y, \quad 8 = Y$$

$$(3 - 5)^2 + |6 - 4| - X = 3X$$

$$(-2)^2 + |2| - X = 3X$$

$$4 + 2 = 4X, \quad 6 = 4X, \quad 1 \frac{1}{2} = X$$

$$3(A - 4) - 5(2A - 6) = 21$$

$$3A - 12 - 10A + 30 = 21$$

$$-7A + 18 = 21, \quad -7A = 3, \quad A = -3/7$$

$$14) \frac{5}{(15)} \frac{4}{8} + \frac{3}{(15)} \frac{4}{8} A = \frac{3}{(15)} \frac{11}{8}$$

$$20 + 12A = 33, \quad A = 1 \frac{1}{12}$$

15) $-6^2 - (-6)^2 = -36 - 36 = -72$

16) $5 + 5 \cdot (-7) = 10 + 7 = 17$

17) $-[-(-7)] = -[7] = -7$

18) $(-8)^2 = 64$

19) $25\% = .25$, $.25 \times 76.98 = \$19.25$

20) $45\% = .45$, $.45 \times 600 = 270$ people

9D

1) on the graph

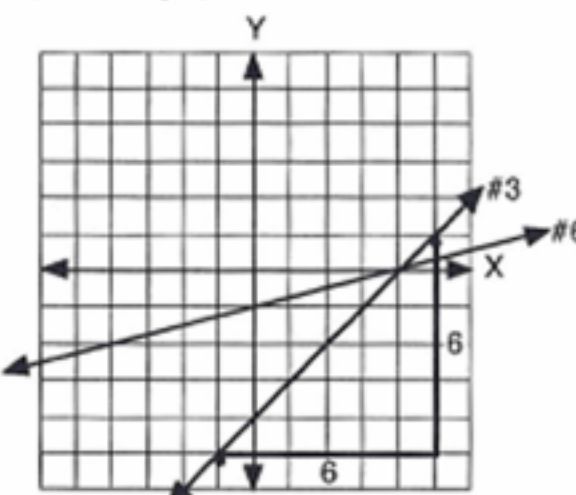
2) slope = $\frac{6}{6} = 1$

3) y-intercept = -4

4) $Y = X - 4$, $X - Y = 4$

5) C ($Y = 1/4 X + 2$)

6) on the graph



7) $Y = 1/4 X - 1$

8) $Y = -2X + 3$, slope = -2

9) $2X - Y = -5$

10) $4Y = -2X + 8$, $Y = -1/2 X + 2$

$$|-1 - 1 - 1 - 1|^2 = (-1)^2 + B(-1) \div 1$$

$$16 = 1 - B \div 1, \quad 15 = -B, \quad -15 = B$$

$$12) (3 + 5)^2 + |8 - 11| + Z = 4(Z - 2)$$

$$8^2 + |-3| + Z = 4Z - 8$$

$$64 + 3 + Z = 4Z - 8, \quad 75 = 3Z, \quad 25 = Z$$

$$13) 5(B - 6) + 4(2B + 7) = 102$$

$$5B - 30 + 8B + 28 = 102$$

$$13B - 2 = 102, \quad 13B = 104, \quad B = 8$$

$$14) 55Q - 30Q = 125$$

$$25Q = 125, \quad Q = 5$$

15) $-[-(-8)] = -[-8] = 8$

16) $-9^2 = -81$

17) $-(-4) = 4$

18) $3^2 + (-3)^2 = 9 + 9 = 18$

19) $76\% = .76$, $.76 \times 200 = \$152$

$$20) \frac{WF}{8} \times 8 = \frac{2}{8}$$

check

$$WF = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{1} = 2$$