Fun w/Fractions
Guided Notes
Chapter 8 - Adding Three Fractions

Method 1 - Using Rule of 4 Twice:

Example:

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$$

First use Rule of 4 on the first two fractions:

$$\frac{4}{12} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{9}{12} = \frac{4}{12} + \frac{9}{12} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{26}{24} \frac{13}{12} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{12}{24} = \frac{26}{24} + \frac{12}{24} = \frac{38}{24} = \frac{19}{12} = \frac{19}{12}$$

Try this problem using Rule of 4 Twice:

$$-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{10}{15} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{10}{15} + \frac{3}{75} = \frac{13}{15}$$

$$\frac{10}{15} = \frac{3}{15} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{41}{30} \text{ or } |\frac{11}{30}|$$

Method 2 - Finding a common factor for all three fractions.

Example:

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 \times 4 \times 2}{3 \times 4 \times 2} + \frac{3 \times 3 \times 2}{4 \times 3 \times 2} + \frac{1 \times 3 \times 4}{2 \times 3 \times 4}$$

$$= \frac{8}{24} + \frac{18}{24} + \frac{12}{24}$$

$$= \frac{38}{24} = \frac{19}{12} = 1\frac{7}{12}$$

Try this problem using Method 2, SHOW YOUR WORK!

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2\times5\times2}{3\times5\times2}+\frac{1\times2\times3}{5\times2\times3}+\frac{1\times3\times5}{2\times3\times5}$$

$$\frac{20}{30} + \frac{6}{30} + \frac{15}{30} = \frac{41}{30} = \frac{11}{30}$$

Method 3:

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$$

First, we need to see that the least common multiple of 2, 4 and 8 for the denominator IS 8, so 3/8 is done. Now we need to modify the first two fractions by multiplying by a form of 1 to get a common denominator of 8.

$$\frac{1 \times 4}{2 \times 4} + \frac{1 \times 2}{4 \times 2} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{4}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} =$$

Try this problem using Method 3:

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{2 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 2} + \frac{1 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 5}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{4 + 5}{10} = \frac{10}{10} = 1$$