## ASTRONOMY LAB

## Surface Gravity

## Questions

Do other planets in the solar system have the same gravity as Earth?
Is a planet's size a good indicator of its gravity relative to Earth?

## Hypotheses - choose one

1. There are no other planets with the same gravity as Earth.
2. Gravity is proportional to planetary radius. (as radius increases, gravity increases)

## Method

1. Calculate the surface gravity of the eight planets in the solar system using known values for their mass and radius. The formula for surface gravity is

$$
\mathrm{g}=\mathrm{G} * \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{r}^{2}
$$

$\mathrm{G}=$ gravitational constant: $\mathbf{6 . 6 7 4 \times 1 0 \wedge ( - 1 1 )} \mathrm{m} \wedge 3 / \mathrm{kg}(\mathrm{s} \wedge 2)$ (meters cubed per kilogram second squared)
$\mathrm{M}=$ Mass of planet in kg
$r$ = radius of planet in km
2. Compare the resulting values for gravitational acceleration to that of Earth's

## Data

| Planet | Radius $(\mathbf{m})$ | Mass $(\mathbf{k g})$ | Surface Gravity <br> $\left(\mathbf{m} / \mathbf{s}^{\wedge} \mathbf{2}\right)$ | Relative Gravity |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Mercury | $2,440,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $3.285 \times 10^{\wedge} 23 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Venus | $6,052,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $4.867 \times 10^{\wedge} 24 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Earth | $6,378,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $5.972 \times 10^{\wedge} 24 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  | $100 \%$ |
| Mars | $3,390,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $6.390 \times 10^{\wedge} 23 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Jupiter | $69,911,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $1.898 \times 10^{\wedge} 27 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Saturn | $58,230,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $5.683 \times 10^{\wedge} 26 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Uranus | $25,360,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $8.681 \times 10^{\wedge} 25 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |
| Neptune | $24,629,000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $1.024 \times 10^{\wedge} 26 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |

## Conclusion

