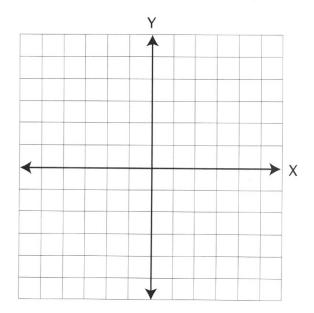
LESSON PRACTICE

15B

Follow the directions for each set of equations.

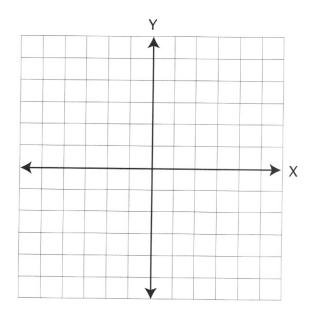
For #1-3
$$X - Y = 3$$
, $3X - Y = 13$

- 1. Draw each line and estimate the solution.
- 2. Use the elimination method to find X.
- 3. Using the solution to #2, substitute to find Y.



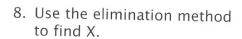
For #4-6
$$3X - Y = -10$$
, $2X - Y = -8$

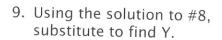
- 4. Draw each line and estimate the solution.
- 5. Use the elimination method to find X.
- 6. Using the solution to #5, substitute to find Y.

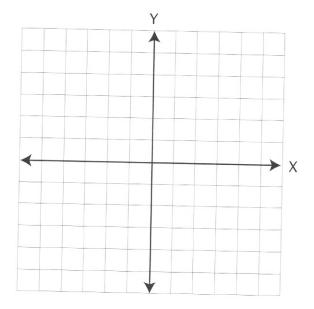


For #7-9
$$3X + 2Y = 5$$
, $X - Y = 0$

7. Draw each line and estimate the solution.







For #10
$$X + Y = -3$$
, $3X - Y = -1$

10. Use the elimination method to solve the equations.

SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

For
$$\#1-3$$
 $2Y + 3X = -2$ and $2Y - X = 6$



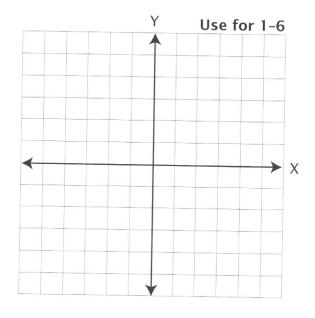
- 2. Using the elimination method, find Y.
- 3. Using the solution to #2, find X.

For #4-6
$$Y + 3X = 2$$
 and $Y - X = -2$

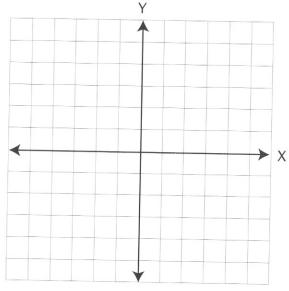
- 4. Sketch and estimate the solution.
- 5. Using the elimination method, find X.
- 6. Using the solution to #5, find Y.

For #7-9
$$-2Y > 3X + 6$$

- 7. Rewrite using the slope-intercept form.
- 8. Graph the inequality.
- 9. Will the point (3, -4) satisfy the inequality?



Use for 7-9



SYSTEMATIC REVIEW 15C

- 10. Find the slope of a line parallel to Y = 1/2 X 3 through (-1, 1).
- 11. Find the Y-intercept of the line in #10.
- 12. Describe the line in #10 using the slope-intercept form, then give the equation of the line in standard form.
- 13. Fill in the blanks in both lines so that the values match.

- 14. Use algebraic symbols to represent the following: six times a number, minus four, equals ten times the number, divided by 2.
- 15. Solve for the unknown in #14.
- 16. Use the value of the unknown found in #15 to find the value of this expression: $X^2 2X + |3 4| =$
- 17. 14% of 25 =

- 18. WF x 16 = 8
- 19. $3.14 \div 2.4 =$ (to nearest thousandth)
- 20. Three fourths divided by five-sixths equals _____

SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

150

For
$$\#1-3$$
 3Y + 2X = 12 and 4Y - X = 5

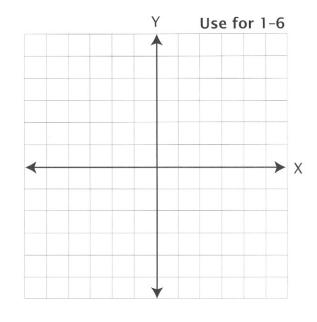
- 1. Sketch and estimate the solution.
- 2. Using the elimination method, find Y.
- 3. Using the solution to #2, find X.

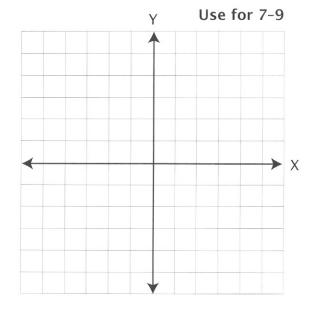
For #4-6
$$X + Y = 4$$
 and $2X + Y = 6$

- 4. Sketch and estimate the solution.
- 5. Using the elimination method, find X.
- 6. Using the solution to #5, find Y.

For #7-9
$$5Y \ge 4X + 10$$

- 7. Rewrite using the slope-intercept form.
- 8. Graph the inequality.
- 9. Will the point (2, 1) satisfy the inequality?





- 10. Find the slope of a line perpendicular to $Y = \frac{1}{2} X 3$ through (-1, 1).
- 11. Find the Y-intercept of the line in #10.
- 12. Describe the line in #10 using the slope-intercept form, then give the equation of the line in standard form.
- 13. Fill in the blanks in both lines so that the values match.

____, ___, ___, ___, ___, 49, 64, ____, ___, ___, 144, ____, ___, ____
____, ____, ____, 5², _____, ____, 9², _____, 11², ____, ____, ____, ____

- 14. Use algebraic symbols to represent the following: three times a number, minus four times the number, plus eight, equals three times the number.
- 15. Solve for the unknown in #14.
- 16. Use the value of the unknown found in #15 to find the value of this expression: $3X^2 X \div |4 3| =$

17.
$$48\%$$
 of $32 =$

18. WF
$$\times$$
 75 = 5

19.
$$21.8 \div .4 =$$

20. Two-sevenths divided by one-half equals _____