Ch. 21.- Board Problems
ADD
(1)

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7 x^{2}-8 x+3 \\
-2 x^{2}-8 x-3 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(2)

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3 x^{2}-3 x-3 \\
+4 x^{2}+4 x+4 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

multiply.
(3) $3 x-1$
(4) $6 x+8$

* $8 x+7$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6 x+8 \\
* \quad 5 x-8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Foll.
(5) $(7 x-6)(5 x+6)=$
(6). $(8 n+1)(6 x-3)=$

Ch. 21 - FACTORING TRINOMIALS

Remember how to factor regularly.

$$
6 x+3 \text { FACTORED }=
$$

$\qquad$
because _ ( ) $=6 x+3$

Remember Foil:

$$
(x+3)(x-6)=
$$

FACTORING IS THE OPPOSITE OF FOIL.

$$
\text { Ex } \quad x^{2}+8 x+12
$$

Ch. 21 - FACTORING TRINOMIALS

$$
\text { Ex.2 } \quad x^{2}-11 x+18
$$

$$
\text { Ex.3 } \quad x^{2}-x-56
$$

Solve simultaneous equations by SUBSTITUTION.

1. $X-3 y=-6$

$$
-4 x+9 y=9
$$

Solve simultaneous equations by ELIMINATION.
2. $2 x+8 y=6$

$$
-5 x-20 y=-15
$$

3. $3+2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}=0$
$-3-7 y=10 x$
$\qquad$
Factoring Trinomials $(\mathrm{a}=1)$ $\qquad$ Period

Factor each completely.

1) $b^{2}+8 b+7$
2) $n^{2}-11 n+10$
3) $m^{2}+m-90$
4) $n^{2}+4 n-12$
5) $n^{2}-10 n+9$
6) $b^{2}+16 b+64$
7) $m^{2}+2 m-24$
8) $x^{2}-4 x+24$
9) $k^{2}-13 k+40$
10) $a^{2}+11 a+18$
11) $n^{2}-n-56$
12) $n^{2}-5 n+6$

## LESSON PRACTICE

Build a rectangle and find the factors. Check by multiplying.

1. $x^{2}+4 x+4$
2. $x^{2}+5 x+6$
3. $x^{2}+11 x+10$
4. $x^{2}+6 x+8$
5. $x^{2}+8 x+7$
6. $x^{2}+8 x+12$
7. $X^{2}+12 x+11$
8. $x^{2}+7 X+6$
9. $x^{2}+9 x+14$
10. $x^{2}+16 x+15$
11. $x^{2}+3 x+2$
12. $x^{2}+4 x+3$
13. $x^{2}+9 x+8$
14. $x^{2}+19 x+18$
15. $x^{2}+9 x+20$
16. $x^{2}+10 x+21$
