

Test 28

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 1) \text{ B } & N + D = 11 & -5N - 5D = -55 \\ & .05N + .10D = .80 & \underline{5N + 10D = 80} \\ & & 5D = 25 \\ & & D = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2) \text{ A } & D + Q = 7 & -10D - 10Q = -70 \\ & .10D + .25Q = 1.15 & \underline{10D + 25Q = 115} \\ & & 15Q = 45 \\ & & Q = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3) \text{ C } & P + N = 25 & -P - N = -25 \\ & .01P + .05N = .57 & \underline{P + 5N = 57} \\ & & 4N = 32 \\ & & N = 8 \\ & P + 8 = 25 \rightarrow P = 17 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4) \text{ C } & 3N + (N + 2) + 2 = 3(N + 4) \\ & 4N + 4 = 3N + 12 \\ & N = 8 \rightarrow 8, 10, 12 \end{array}$$

5) D Each odd integer is 2 more than the one before it

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6) \text{ A } & 4N + 2(N + 1) = 4(N + 2) \\ & 4N + 2N + 2 = 4N + 8 \\ & 6N + 2 = 4N + 8 \\ & 2N = 6 \\ & N = 3 \rightarrow 3, 4, 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 7) \text{ D } & 10N + 10(N + 2) = 10 + 10(N + 4) \\ & 10N + 10N + 20 = 10N + 50 \\ & 10N = 30 \\ & N = 3 \rightarrow 3, 5, 7 \\ & 7 \text{ is third number} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8) \text{ B } & A_T + A_E = 90 \text{ ml} \\ & .20A_T + .08A_E = .10(90) \\ & -8A_T - 8A_E = -720 \\ & \underline{20A_T + 8A_E = 900} \\ & 12A_T = 180 \rightarrow A_T = 15 \text{ ml} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9) \text{ B } & F_1 = 50\%, F_2 = 5\% \\ & F_1 + F_2 = 150 \text{ lbs} \\ & .50F_1 + .05F_2 = .12(150) \\ & -50F_1 - 50F_2 = -7500 \\ & \underline{50F_1 + 5F_2 = 1800} \\ & -45F_2 = -5700 \rightarrow F_2 = 126.7 \text{ lbs} \end{array}$$

$$10) \text{ C } 150 - 126.7 = 23.3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 11) \text{ D } & \text{Diagram: } \overline{D_C D_B} \\ & D_C + D_B = 20 \\ & R_C T_C + R_B T_B = 20 \quad T_C = T_B \\ & 4T + 6T = 20 \\ & 10T = 20 \\ & T = 2 \text{ hours} \\ & 12 \text{ noon} + 2 \text{ hours} = 2:00 \text{ p.m.} \end{array}$$

- 12) A A) Parabola
B) Line ($Y = -X + 9$)
C) Hyperbola
D) Circle

$$13) \text{ C } 6 \times 180^\circ = 1080^\circ$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 14) \text{ C } & \text{Diagram: } \overline{X} \text{ and } \overline{X} \text{ on a line} \\ & 720 - 2X \\ & \text{Area} = X(720 - 2X) = -2X^2 + 720X \\ & X = \frac{-720}{2(-2)} = 180 \\ & X = 180' \\ & 720 - 2(180) = 360' \\ & \text{Dimensions: } 180' \times 360' \end{array}$$

$$15) \text{ B } \frac{\frac{3}{X}}{\frac{2}{X+1}} \cdot \frac{\frac{X+1}{2}}{\frac{2}{X}} = \frac{3(X+1)}{2X} = \frac{3X+3}{2X}$$

Test 29

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 1) \text{ A } & R + 2 = \frac{7}{2}(S + 2) & R - 3 = 6(S - 3) \\ & R + 2 = \frac{7}{2}S + 7 & \\ & R = \frac{7}{2}S + 5 & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\frac{7}{2}S + 5) - 3 = 6(S - 3) \\ \frac{7}{2}S + 2 = 6S - 18 \\ 7S + 4 = 12S - 36 \\ 40 = 5S \\ 8 = S \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2) \text{ B } & P - 8 = \frac{1}{3}(K - 8) & 2(P + 2) = K + 2 \\ & P = \frac{1}{3}K - \frac{8}{3} + \frac{24}{3} & 2P + 4 = K + 2 \\ & P = \frac{1}{3}K + \frac{16}{3} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2(\frac{1}{3}K + \frac{16}{3}) + 4 = K + 2 \\ \frac{2}{3}K + \frac{32}{3} + 4 = K + 2 \\ 2K + 32 + 12 = 3K + 6 \\ 38 = K \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3) \text{ C } & C - 5 = \frac{1}{2}(D - 5) & C + 3 = \frac{5}{6}(D + 3) \\ & C - 5 = \frac{1}{2}D - \frac{5}{2} & \\ & C = \frac{1}{2}D + \frac{5}{2} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\frac{1}{2}D + \frac{5}{2}) + 3 = \frac{5}{6}(D + 3) \\ 3D + 15 + 18 = 5D + 15 \\ 18 = 2D \\ 9 = D \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4) \text{ B } & S + 30 = \frac{3}{5}(D + 30) & D - 5 = 4(S - 5) \\ & S + 30 = \frac{3}{5}D + 18 & D = 4S - 20 + 5 \\ & 5S + 150 = 3D + 90 & D = 4S - 15 \\ & 5S + 60 = 3D & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5S + 60 = 3(4S - 15) \\ 5S + 60 = 12S - 45 \\ 105 = 7S \\ 15 = S \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5) \text{ D } & R + 10 = 4(C + 10) & R = 10C \\ & & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (10C) + 10 = 4C + 40 \\ 6C = 30 \\ C = 5 \\ (5) - 2 = 3 \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

6) C C implies that the rate of the water is greater than the rate of the boat, in which case the boat would be traveling downstream, not upstream.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 7) \text{ D } & D_D = (B + W)T & D_U = (B - W)T \\ & 42 = (B + 4)T & 18 = (B - 4)T \\ & 42 = BT + 4T & \\ & -18 = -BT + 4T & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 42 = (B + 4)(3) \\ 24 = 8T \\ 3 = T \\ 42 = 3B + 12 \\ 10 = B \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8) \text{ D } & 60 = (B + 2)T & 12 = (B - 2)T \\ & 60 = BT + 2T & 12 = BT - 2T \\ & -12 = -BT + 2T & \\ & 48 = 4T & \\ & 12 = T \text{ one way} & 2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ hours total} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9) \text{ A } & D_D = (10 + W)2 & D_U = (10 - W)5 \\ & D_D = 20 + 2W & D_U = 50 - 5W \\ & 20 + 2W = 50 - 5W & \\ & 7W = 30 & \\ & W = 4.3 \text{ mph (rounded)} \end{array}$$

$$10) \text{ C } D = (10 + 4.3)2$$

$$D = 28.6 \text{ miles}$$

11) B

- 12) D A) $Y = X - 4$, slope is +1
B) not a line
C) not a line
D) $Y = -X - 4$, slope is -1

$$13) \text{ B } \frac{1}{2} \times 3 = \frac{3}{2}, \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 14) \text{ C } & N + Q = 14 \\ & .05N + .25Q = 1.90 \\ & -5N - 5Q = -70 \\ & \underline{5N + 25Q = 190} \\ & 20Q = 120 \\ & Q = 6 \rightarrow N + (6) = 14 \\ & N = 8 \\ & 8 - 3 = 5 \text{ nickels} \end{array}$$

$$15) \text{ A } \sqrt{9X^2Y} = 3X\sqrt{Y}$$