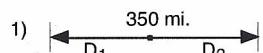


19A



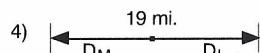
$$D_1 + D_2 = 350$$

$$R_1 T_1 + R_2 T_2 = 350$$

$$(50)(T) + (90)(T) = 350 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_1 = 50 \\ R_2 = 90 \\ T_1 = T_2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$T = 2.5 \text{ hours}$$

$$8:30 \text{ AM} + 2:30 = 11:00 \text{ AM}$$



$$D_M + D_L = 19$$

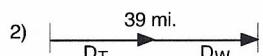
$$R_M T_M + R_L T_L = 19$$

$$(3)(T_M) + (5)(T_M - 1) = 19 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_M = 3 \\ R_L = 5 \\ T_L = T_M - 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$3 T_M + 5 T_M - 5 = 19$$

$$8 T_M - 5 = 19$$

$$T_M = 3 \text{ hrs.} \quad 2:30 + 3:00 = 5:30 \text{ PM}$$



$$D_T + D_W = 39$$

$$R_T T_T + R_W T_W = 39$$

$$(12)(5 - T_W) + (5)(T_W) = 39 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_T = 12 \\ R_W = 5 \\ T_T + T_W = 5 \\ T_T = 5 - T_W \end{array} \right]$$

$$60 - 12 T_W + 5 T_W = 39$$

$$60 - 39 = 7 T_W \quad T_W = 3 \text{ hrs. walking}$$

$$5 - 3 = 2 \text{ hrs. trotting}$$



$$D_1 + D_2 = 360$$

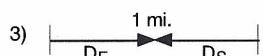
$$R_1 T_1 + R_2 T_2 = 360$$

$$(40)(7 - T_2) + (65)(T_2) = 360 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_1 = 40 \\ R_2 = 65 \\ T_1 + T_2 = 7 \\ T_1 = 7 - T_2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$280 - 40 T_2 + 65 T_2 = 360$$

$$25 T_2 = 80 \quad T_2 = 3.2 \text{ hrs. at } 65 \text{ mph}$$

$$7 - 3.2 = 3.8 \text{ hrs. at } 40 \text{ mph}$$



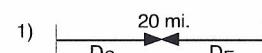
$$D_F + D_S = 1$$

$$R_F T_F + R_S T_S = 1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_F = 10 \\ R_S = 5 \\ T_F = T_S \end{array} \right]$$

$$15 T = 1$$

$$T = 1/15 \text{ hr.} = 4 \text{ min.}$$

19B



$$D_S + D_E = 20$$

$$R_S T_S + R_E T_E = 20$$

$$(2)(T_S) + (13)(T_S + 1) = 20 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_S = 2 \\ R_E = 13 \\ T_S = T_E \end{array} \right]$$

$$2 T_S + 13 T_S + 13 = 20$$

$$15 T_S = 7$$

$$T_S = 7/15 \text{ hours, or 28 minutes}$$



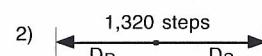
$$D_M + D_L = 3050$$

$$R_M T_M + R_L T_L = 3050$$

$$(400)(T_L + 2) + (500)(T_L) = 3050 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} T_L = 2 \frac{1}{2} \text{ days} \\ 400 T_L + 800 + 500 T_L = 3050 \end{array} \right]$$

$$900 T_L = 2250$$

$$T_L = 2 \frac{1}{2} \text{ days}$$



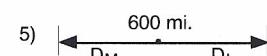
$$D_R + D_S = 1,320$$

$$R_R T_R + R_S T_S = 1,320$$

$$(30)(T) + (25)(T) = 1,320 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_R = 30 \\ R_S = 25 \\ T_R = T_S \end{array} \right]$$

$$55 T = 1,320$$

$$T = 24 \text{ min.}$$



$$D_M + D_L = 600$$

$$R_M T_M + R_L T_L = 600$$

$$(65)(T_M) + (70)(T_M - 3) = 600 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} T_M = 6 \text{ hrs.} \\ 65 T_M + 70 T_M - 210 = 600 \end{array} \right]$$

$$135 T_M = 810 \quad T_M = 6 \text{ hrs.}$$

$$9:00 \text{ AM} + 6:00 = 3:00 \text{ PM}$$



$$D_1 + D_2 = 500$$

$$R_1 T_1 + R_2 T_2 = 500$$

$$(130)(3T_2) + (110)(T_2) = 500 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} R_1 = 130 \\ R_2 = 110 \\ T_1 = 3 T_2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$500 T_2 = 500$$

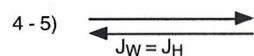
$$T_2 = 1 \text{ hr.} \quad T_1 = 3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ hrs.}$$

19E

$$1) \text{Pushups} = RT \Rightarrow R = \frac{P}{T} = \frac{50}{1/2} = 100 \text{ per min.}$$

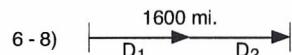
$$2) P = RT \Rightarrow R = \frac{P}{T} = \frac{20}{1/3} = 60 \text{ per min.}$$

$$3) P = RT \Rightarrow T = \frac{P}{R} = \frac{35P}{70 \text{ p/m}} = 1/2 \text{ min. or } 30 \text{ sec.}$$

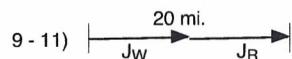


$$\begin{aligned} R_W T_W &= R_H T_H \\ (R_H + 15)(11/4) &= R_H(4) \\ [11/4 R_H + 165/4 = 4R_H] \times 4 &\quad T_W = 2 \frac{3}{4} \text{ hrs.} \\ 11 R_H + 165 &= 16 R_H \\ 165 &= 5R_H \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 33 &= R_H \\ R_W &= 33 + 15 = 48 \\ D &= (48)(11/4) = 132 \text{ mi.} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} D_1 + D_2 &= 1600 \\ R_1 T_1 + R_2 T_2 &= 1600 \\ 40T_1 + 60(T_1 + 3) &= 1600 \\ 40T_1 + 60T_1 + 180 &= 1600 \\ 100T_1 &= 1420 \\ T_1 &= 14.2 \text{ hrs.} \\ T_2 &= 14.2 + 3 = 17.2 \text{ hrs.} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} J_W + J_R &= 20 \\ R_W T_W + R_R T_R &= 20 \\ (4)(3) + (6)(T_R) &= 20 \\ 12 + 6T_R &= 20 \\ 6T_R &= 8 \\ T_R &= 1 \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$12) \frac{9 \text{ yds.}}{1} \times \frac{3 \text{ ft.}}{1 \text{ yd.}} = 27 \text{ ft.}$$

20A

$$1) \text{positive } \frac{\text{up } 3}{\text{over } 1} = 3$$

$$2) b \approx -2$$

$$3) \text{negative } \frac{\text{up } 2}{\text{over } 1} = -2$$

$$4) b \approx 1$$

$$5) 2Y = -3X + 9 \Rightarrow Y = -\frac{3}{2}X + \frac{9}{2}$$

$$6) 5X - Y = -1$$

$$7) \frac{1}{2}Y = -2X + 3 \Rightarrow Y = -4X + 6$$

$$8) X - Y = -8$$

$$9) m = \frac{Y_2 - Y_1}{X_2 - X_1} = \frac{(-4) - (1)}{(-3) - (-2)} = \frac{-5}{-5} = 1$$

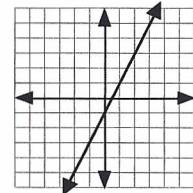
$$10) m = \frac{(1) - (2)}{(5) - (-3)} = \frac{-1}{8} = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$11) m = \frac{(2) - (-6)}{(5) - (1)} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$12) m = \frac{(-2) - (4)}{(1) - (-1)} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3$$

$$13) (-5) = 2(-2) + b$$

$$-5 = -4 + b \Rightarrow b = -1$$

 $Y = 2X - 1$ slope-intercept $2X - Y = 1$ equation of a line

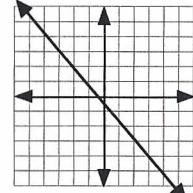
$$14) m = \frac{(-4) - (2)}{(3) - (-2)} = -\frac{6}{5}$$

$$(2) = -\frac{6}{5}(-2) + b$$

$$2 = 12/5 + b \Rightarrow b = -2/5$$

 $Y = -\frac{6}{5}X - \frac{2}{5}$ slope-inter.

$$5[6/5X + Y = -2/5]$$

 $6X + 5Y = -2$ line

$$15) (5) = -1(5) + b$$

$$5 = -5 + b \Rightarrow b = 10$$

 $Y = -X + 10$ slope-intercept $X + Y = 10$ equation of a line